## ALICIA KOPLOWITZ FUNDACION

# **APPLICATION FOR PhD FELLOWSHIP**

Applicant and proposed external PhD supervisor: Prof. dr. Jim van Os Division Neuroscience Utrecht University Medical Centre The Netherlands j.j.vanos-2@umcutrecht.nl

#### A. Credentials of supervisor and host institute:

#### Personal statement

I have obtained funding for, and supervised over 60 PhD projects. Over the period 2009-2015, I was coordinator of a €12M EU FP7 IP project on gene-environment interactions in schizophrenia; over the period 2006-2012, I was member of the Psychosis Group of the DSM-5 Task Force. I am Chair of the Division Neuroscience at Utrecht University Medical Centre, which hosts the Brain Center Rudolf Magnus, one of the most stimulating neuroscience research environments in Europe (https://www.umcutrecht.nl/en/Research/Research-programs/Brain-Center-Rudolf-Magnus). The Division Neuroscience employs 1200 people including a very active child and adolescent psychiatric department with an active focus on psychosis, autism and other mental disorders, as well as a child neurology and child neurosurgery department. Utrecht University Medical Center also has a very active general Child Health Research program (<u>http://www.umcutrecht.nl/en/Research/Research-Research.nl/en/Research/Research-Research.nl/en/Research/Research.programs/Child-Health-science-for-life</u>).

I am fluent in Spanish and chair of the external supervisory committee of the Spanish CIBERSAM network in psychiatric research. As such, I have many links with all the major research departments throughout Spain.

#### Positions and Honors

In 2011, I was elected member of the Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (KNAW); I appear on the 2014 & 2015 Thomson-Reuter *Web of Science* lists of the world's 'most influential scientific minds' of our time. In 2016, I was awarded the title of *Fellow* at King's College London.

#### Other relevant experience and professional memberships

*Editorial board positions:* European Psychiatry; Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica; Schizophrenia Research; Psychological Medicine; Journal of Mental Health; Schizophrenia Bulletin; Early Intervention in Psychiatry; Psychosis Journal; Epidemiology and Psychiatric Sciences. Academic Editor, PLoS ONE

Web of Science Hirsch Index: 94; Google Scholar: 125

#### **B.** Contribution to Science

#### Gene-environment interactions

I have been an early and leading researcher in the area of gene-environment interactions, and as a result became PI-coordinator of a €12M EU FP7 IP project on gene-environment interactions in schizophrenia (2009) and co-PI of the €4M Dutch collaborative GROUP project on gene-environment interactions. Some peer-reviewed publications in this area are:

**GROUP** (2011). Evidence that familial liability for psychosis is expressed as differential sensitivity to cannabis: an analysis of patient-sibling and sibling-control pairs. *Arch Gen Psychiatry* **68**, 138-47. **van Os, J., Kenis, G. & Rutten, B. P.** (2010). The environment and schizophrenia. *Nature* **468**, 203-12. **van Os, J., Rutten, B. P. & Poulton, R.** (2008). Gene-environment interactions in schizophrenia: review of epidemiological findings and future directions. *Schizophr Bull* **34**, 1066-82.

**van Winkel, R. and GROUP** (2011). Family-based analysis of genetic variation underlying psychosisinducing effects of cannabis: sibling analysis and proband follow-up. *Archives of General Psychiatry* **68**, 148-57.

van Os, J., Marsman, A., van Dam, D., Simons, C. J. & GROUP Investigators. (2017). Evidence That the Impact of Childhood Trauma on IQ Is Substantial in Controls, Moderate in Siblings, and Absent in Patients With Psychotic Disorder. Schizophr Bull 43, 316-324.

van Os, J., van der Steen, Y., Islam, M. A., Guloksuz, S., Rutten, B. P., Simons, C. J. & GROUP Investigators. (2017). Evidence that polygenic risk for psychotic disorder is expressed in the domain of neurodevelopment, emotion regulation and attribution of salience. Psychol Med, 1-17.

### Extended phenotypes of mental disorders.

One of the main problems facing psychiatric research is phenotypic definition. We have spearheaded efforts to define novel subthreshold phenotypes of psychosis, mania and depression based on subtle psychometric expressions of liability in the general population cohorts. This work has led to an explosion of research by many groups worldwide and is impacting research using genetic and neuroimaging approaches. Some peer-reviewed publications in this area are:

**Dominguez, M. D., Saka, M. C., Lieb, R., Wittchen, H. U. & van Os, J. (2010).** Early expression of negative/disorganized symptoms predicting psychotic experiences and subsequent clinical psychosis: a 10-year study. *Am J Psychiatry* 167, 1075-82.

van Os, J. & Reininghaus, U. (2016) Psychosis as a transdiagnostic and extended phenotype in the general population. *World Psychiatry*, **15**, 118-124.

**Van Os, J., Hanssen, M., Bijl, R. V. & Vollebergh, W.** (2001). Prevalence of psychotic disorder and community level of psychotic symptoms: an urban-rural comparison. *Arch Gen Psychiatry* 58, 663-8.

Van Os, J., Linscott, R. J., Myin-Germeys, I., Delespaul, P. & Krabbendam, L. (2009). A systematic review and meta-analysis of the psychosis continuum: evidence for a psychosis proneness-persistence-impairment model of psychotic disorder. *Psychol Med* 39, 179-95.

van Os, J. & Guloksuz, S. (2017). A critique of the "ultra-high risk" and "transition" paradigm. World Psychiatry 16, 200-206.

van Os, J. & Reininghaus, U. (2016). Psychosis as a transdiagnostic and extended phenotype in the general population. World Psychiatry 15, 118-24.

### Momentary assessment technology in psychiatry

We have developed novel phenotypic approaches based on intensive time series experience sampling methodology (ESM) that can be used to construct mental state networks, allowing the study of geneenvironment interactions impacting on network connections in the flow of daily life. In addition, we have developed am mHealth platform based on ESM for diagnosis, evaluation of treatment and momentary assessment interventions in mental health. Some peer-reviewed publications in this area are:

**Myin-Germeys, I., Krabbendam, L., Jolles, J., Delespaul, P. A. & Van Os, J.** (2002). Are cognitive impairments associated with sensitivity to stress in schizophrenia? An experience sampling study. *Am J Psychiatry* 159, 443-9.

Myin-Germeys, I., van Os, J., Schwartz, J. E., Stone, A. A. & Delespaul, P. A. (2001). Emotional reactivity to daily life stress in psychosis. *Arch Gen Psychiatry* 58, 1137-44.

**Van Os, J., Delespaul, P., Wigman, J., Myin-Germeys, I. & Wichers, M. (2013).** Beyond DSM and ICD: introducing "precision diagnosis" for psychiatry using momentary assessment technology. *World Psychiatry* 12, 113-7.

Van Os, J., Lataster, T., Delespaul, P., Wichers, M. & Myin-Germeys, I. (2014). Evidence that a psychopathology interactome has diagnostic value, predicting clinical needs: an experience sampling study. *PLoS One* 9, e86652.

van Os, J., Verhagen, S., Marsman, A., Peeters, F., Bak, M., Marcelis, M., Drukker, M., Reininghaus, U., Jacobs, N., Lataster, T., Simons, C., PhD, E.-M. I., Lousberg, R., Guloksuz, S., Leue, C., Groot, P. C., Viechtbauer, W. & Delespaul, P. (2017). The experience sampling method as an mHealth tool to support self-monitoring, self-insight, and personalized health care in clinical practice. Depress Anxiety 34, 481-493.

Complete List of Published Work in PUBMED: http://bit.ly/2CW7oUV

#### C. Proposed Research Project

The department has access to a unique collection of large datasets that are relevant to the study of psychosis and affective liability in children, adolescents and transition psychiatry populations (age 12-25 years). We propose first authorships in a research project that will analyse data from the datasets summarized in Table 1. The proposed projects are just examples; the department in fact has a wide range of clinical and population-based datasets with many rich research questions that can be analyzed and published. For example, we have just collected a novel twin study (in the context of our EUGEI project) in a mostly adolescent population, with a wide range of experimental and observational (including Experience Sampling Technology) social defeat, aberrant salience, probabilistic reasoning and many other types of data that can be examined in gene-environment interaction paradigms in association with phenotypic expression of liability of psychosis, depression and mania.

## Table 1. Datasets and hypotheses.

STUDY TOPIC	SAMPLE	HYPOTHESIS		
Childhood auditory	The data pertains to a case-control sample of 694 children	We will examine the predictive value of AVH		
verbal hallucinations	with auditory verbal hallucinations (AVH) at age 7-8	characteristics, measured with the Auditory Vocal		
(AVH) study.	(baseline), and follow-ups of this sample at ages 12-13	Hallucination Rating Scale interview, on 5-year and 11-		
	(n=337) and again at ages 18-19 years (n=293) (Bartels-	year outcomes of: (i) AVH persistence, (ii) onset of		
	Velthuis <i>et al.,</i> 2010).	delusional ideation, (iii) associations with CBCL-		
		measured problem behaviour.		
Childhood psychotic	The data pertains to a high risk cohort study of psychiatric	We will examine the association between PE and		
experiences (PE) in	disorders in childhood (Salum <i>et al.</i> , 2015). The cohort	cognitive alterations, and to what degree associations		
relation to cognition	consists of 2512 children, of whom 958 were randomly	may be mediated by experience of childhood trauma.		
and the mediating role	selected and 1554 were at higher than average genetic risk			
of trauma	because of mental disorders in the family. Detailed			
	psychology interviews were conducted on, amongst			
	others, cognition, trauma and psychotic experiences (PE).			
Adolescent-onset	The Dutch GROUP sample is a unique cohort of 1119	We will test the hypothesis that adolescent onset of		
psychosis: impact on	patients with psychotic disorder (Korver et al., 2012), of	psychotic disorder in the <u>patient</u> impacts the expression		
sibling-patient	whom 277 (25%) with adolescent onset. Uniquely, the	of psychopathological, neurodevelopmental and		
endophenotype	dataset also contains data based on detailed interviews	environmental liability in the sibling, suggesting that		
correlations	with 1057 siblings of these 1119 patients, allowing for	adolescent onset mediates illness severity, the		
	analysis of both cross-trait and within-trait, cross-sib	expression of which clusters in families.		
	analyses.			
EUGEI WP4 Adolescent	This is a unique sample that has just become available	We will test hypotheses focussing on GxE using both		
Twin Sample	through the EUGEI project. Adolescent twins in the general	direct and indirect measures of genetic risk, with		
	population were extensively genotyped as well as	subthreshold psychopathology as outcome.		
	characterised phenotypically and in relation to the			
	environmental exposome, including Experience Sampling,			
	with a focus on social defeat.			

Bartels-Velthuis, A.A., Jenner, J.A., van de Willige, G., van Os, J. & Wiersma, D. (2010) Prevalence and correlates of auditory vocal hallucinations in middle childhood. British Journal of Psychiatry, 196, 41-46.

Korver, N., Quee, P.J., Boos, H.B., Simons, C.J., de Haan, L. & investigators, G. (2012) Genetic Risk and Outcome of Psychosis (GROUP), a multi-site longitudinal cohort study focused on gene-environment interaction: objectives, sample characteristics, recruitment and assessment methods. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 21, 205-221.

Salum, G.A., Gadelha, A., Pan, P.M., Moriyama, T.S., Graeff-Martins, A.S., Tamanaha, A.C., et al. (2015) High risk cohort study for psychiatric disorders in childhood: rationale, design, methods and preliminary results. Int J Methods Psychiatr Res, 24, 58-73.

#### **D.** Training

The Division Neuroscience at Utrecht University Medical Centre has an extensive program of PhD training courses that will be made available for the candidate. The courses include English writing skills, presentation skills, basic statistics, advanced statistics, Experience Sampling Technology, use of Stata statistical programming, analysis of multilevel data, planning and organizing, scientific integrity and other courses.

During the two years, the candidate will receive personal supervision from Prof. Dr. Jim van Os and senior members of the Department of Psychiatry and Child Psychiatry.

The candidate is welcome to conduct clinical sessions in, for example, transition psychiatry or adolescent psychiatry, however knowledge of the Dutch language is required as the proportion of English speaking patients in child and adolescent psychiatry in the Netherlands is limited.

Cost	Year 1	Year 2	Total
0.025 FTE J. van Os principal supervisor	7.314	7.378	14.692
0.025 FTE senior co-supervisor (Dr. Schnack)	1.915	1.983	3.898
0.025 FTE data access supervisor (Dr. Guloksuz)	2.711	2.735	5.446
Data collection contribution	15.500	15.500	31.000
Training courses	2.500	2.500	5.000
Conference attendance	750	750	1.500
Travel	3.000	3.000	6.000
Division Neuroscience overhead (33%)	11.117	11.169	22.286
Total	44.807	45.015	89.822

#### E. Budget (in euro's)